Elec	Electronic Fund Transfers		YES	NO	
<u>Issua</u>	Issuance of Access Devices				
1.	Does	the institution issue validated access devices only:			
	•	In response to requests or applications (205.5(a)(1))			
	•	As a renewal or substitution for an accepted access device (205.5(a)(2)) or			
	•	As a renewal or substitution for any access device issued before February 9, 1979, on an unsolicited basis, but only if the financial institution provides a disclosure which:			
		Explains the consumer's liability for unauthorized transfers (205.5(a)(3) and 205.7(a)(1))			
		Identifies the telephone number and address of the person or office to contact for notifying the institution of an unauthorized transfer (205.5(a)(3) and 205.7(a)(2)) and			
		Describes the institution's business day (205.5(a)(3) and 205.7(a)(3))			
2.	Does the institution issue unsolicited access devices only when the devices are:				
	•	Not validated (205.5(b)(1))			
	•	Accompanied by the required disclosures (205.5(b)(2) and 205.7(a))			
	•	Accompanied by a statement that the device is not validated and that explains how to dispose of the device if the customer does not want it (205.5(b)(3)) and			
	•	Validated only on consumer request and after proper identification is made (205.5(b)(4))			
3.		the institution verify the consumer's identity (such as photograph, onal visit, or signature)? (205.5(b)(4))			
<u>Liab</u>	ility of C	Consumer for Unauthorized Transfers			
1.	Does only:	the institution impose liability on the consumer for unauthorized transfer			
	•	When the device is accepted (205.6(a)(1))			
	•	When the institution has provided a means to identify the consumer $(205.6(a)(2))$ and			
	•	When the institution has provided the following written disclosure to the consumer: $(205.6(a)(3))$			

		What the consumer's liability will be for unauthorized use of the card	 
		The telephone number and address for reporting an unauthorized EFT that has been or may be made, and	 
		The institution's business days	 
2.	limited to the	ner's liability for unauthorized use of a lost or stolen access device lesser of \$50 or actual loss if the consumer notifies the thin two business days of discovery of loss or theft of the access .6(b))	

Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)			YES	NO
3.	devic	e consumer fails to notify the institution of loss or theft of an access the within two business days of discovery of loss or theft, is consumer ity limited to \$500 as follows: (205.6(b)(1))		
	•	The lesser of \$50 or actual loss within the first two business days and		
	•	Unauthorized transfer amounts that occur after the two business days and before notification (provided the institution proves that these unauthorized transfers could have been prevented if it had notification within the two business days)		
4.	60 da	consumer fails to notify the institution of an unauthorized transfer within ays of transmittal of the periodic statement upon which that transfer ars, is consumer liability limited to: (205.6(b)(2))		
	•	The lesser of \$50 or actual loss that appears on the statement or occurs during the 60-day period and		
	•	The amount of unauthorized transfers that occur after the close of 60 days and before notice to the institution (provided the institution proves that the unauthorized transfers could have been prevented had notification occurred within the 60 days)		
<u>Initia</u>	l Disclo	osure of Terms and Conditions		
1.	Does the institution make the following disclosures:			
	•	A summary of the consumer's liability under Section 205.6 (or lesser liability under state law or agreement) (205.7(a)(1))		
	•	The telephone number and address of the person or office to be notified when the consumer believes that an unauthorized EFT has been or may be made (205.7(a)(2))		
	•	The institution's business days, as determined under Section 205.2(d) (205.7(a)(3))		
	•	The type of EFTs that the consumer may make and any limitations on the frequency and dollar amount of transfer (205.7(a)(4)) (If details on the limitations on frequency and dollar amount of transfers are essential to maintain the security of the system, they need not be disclosed.)		
	•	Any charges for EFTs or for the right to make transfer (205.7(a)(5))		
	•	A summary of the consumer's right to receive documentation of EFTs, as provided in Sections 205.9, 205.10(a), and 205.10(d) (205.7(a)(6))		

Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)			YES	NO
	•	A summary of the consumer's right to stop payment of a preauthorized EFT and the procedure for initiating a stop-payment order, as provided in Section 205.10(c) (205.7(a)(7))		
	•	A summary of the institution's liability to the consumer for its failure to make or to stop certain transfers under Section 910 of the EFTA (205.7(a)(8))		
	•	The circumstances under which the institution in the ordinary course of business will disclose information to third parties concerning the consumer's account (205.7(a)(9))		
	•	An error resolution notice meeting the requirements of Section 205.7(a)(9)		
Char	nge in Te	rms; Error Resolution Notice		
1.		ne institution made any changes in a term or condition since the last nation that required a written notice to a consumer? (205.8(a))		
		was the notice provided at least 21 days before the effective date of such e? (205.8(a))		
2.	least o	the institution provide either the long form error resolution notice at once every calendar year or the short form error resolution notice on periodic statement? (205.8(b))		
Doci	<u>umentatio</u>	on of Transfers		
1.		the institution make a receipt available to the consumer, in a retainable at the time an EFT is initiated? (205.9(a))		
2.	Does	the receipt contain the following items as applicable: (205.9(a)(1-6))		
	•	The amount of the transfer (amount may be combined with any transfer charge if certain conditions are met) (205.9(a)(1))		
	•	The calendar date the transfer was initiated (205.9(a)(3))		
	•	The type of transfer and account to or from which funds are transferred (transactions are exempt from the type-of-account requirement if the access device used can only access one account) (205.9(a)(3))		
	•	A number or code that identifies one of the following:		
		The consumer		
		Consumer's account or		
		The access device used (205.9(a)(4))		

Elec	tronic	Fund Transfers (continued)	YES	NO
	•	Identification or location of the terminal and (205.9(a)(5))		
	•	The name of any third party to or from whom funds are transferred unless the name is provided in a non-machine readable form (205.9(a)(6))		
3.		s the institution mail or deliver a periodic statement for each monthly or ter cycle in which an EFT has occurred? (205.9(b))		
4.	insti	EFTs have occurred or the only EFTs are preauthorized credits, has the tution mailed or delivered a periodic statement at least quarterly for non-book accounts? (205.9(b)(1)(ii))		

<b>Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)</b>			YES	NO
5.		he periodic statement or accompanying documents contain the ing items: (205.9(b)(1)(i))		
	•	The amount of the transfer (amount may include transfer charge if it was added in accordance with the terminal receipt requirements) $(205.9(b)(1)(i))$		
	•	The date the transfer was posted to the account (205.9(b)(1)(i))		
	•	The type of transfer and account (205.9(b)(1)(iii))		
	•	The location of the terminal (205.9(b)(1)(iv))		
	•	The name of any third party to or from whom funds were transferred $(205.9(b)(1)(v))$		
	•	The account number(s) (205.9(b)(2))		
	•	The total amount of any fees or charges assessed during the statement period for EFTs, the right to make EFTs or for account maintenance (excluding any finance charges under Regulation Z, overdraft or stop payment charges and any transfer charges combined with transfer amounts under Section 205.9(a) (205.9(b)(3))		
	•	The beginning and ending balances (205.9(b)(4))		
	•	The address and telephone number to be used for inquiries or notice of errors (205.9(b)(5)) and		
	•	If applicable, the telephone number to use in finding out whether a preauthorized credit has been made as scheduled (205.9(c))		
6.	institut separat	ssbook accounts that only receive preauthorized credits, does the cion upon presentation by the consumer enter in a passbook or on a te document the amount and date of each EFT made since the passbook at presented? (205.9(c))		
Preaut	horized	Transfers		
1.	If a consumer's account is to be credited by a preauthorized EFT from the same payor at least once every 60 days and the payor does not provide notice to the consumer that the transfer was initiated, does the institution disclose the telephone number in initial disclosures and on each periodic statement?			
	•	If the telephone alternative is selected, does the institution disclose the telephone number in initial disclosures and on each periodic statement		
	•	Is the number "readily available" during the institution's business hours		
2.		he institution credit the consumer's account for preauthorized EFTs as day the funds are received? (205.10(a))		

Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)			NO
3.	Does the institution comply with the requirements of preauthorized EFTs from a consumer's account? (205.10(b))		
4.	Does the financial institution comply with Section 205.10(c) regarding stop payment orders?		
5.	If a preauthorized EFT from a consumer's account varies in amount from the previous transfer under the same authorization or preauthorized amount, does the institution provide proper notice under Section 205.10(d)? (NOTE: If the designated payee makes the notification, the institution is absolved from this requirement.)		
6.	If a third party with whom the consumer contracts for preauthorized debts or credits is not a financial institution, has the account holding institution provided the initial disclosures?		
Proced	lures for Resolving Errors		
1.	Has an error resolution procedure been implemented to promptly investigate and resolve alleged errors within ten business days? (205.11(c)(1))		
2.	If the institution requires a complaint or question to be confirmed in writing within ten business days, is this requirement disclosed to the consumer when the error notice is given orally?		
3.	Does the institution inform the consumer of the results of an investigation within ten business days of the initial error report? (205.7(a)(10))		
4.	If the institution needs more time and informs the consumer that it may take up to 45 days, does the institution:		
	• Recredit the consumer's account within ten business days of the initial report (except where written confirmation is required but not received within ten business days) (205.7(a)(10))		
	<ul> <li>Notify the consumer within two business days of the amount and date of the recrediting and the fact that the consumer will have full use of funds pending the outcome of the resolutions and</li> </ul>		
	• Give the consumer full use of the funds during the investigation period?		
5.	If the institution determines that an error has occurred, have procedures been established to:		
	• Promptly (and within one business day) correct the error (including crediting interest or refunding fees) (205.11(e)(1)) and		

Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)		YES	NO	
	•	Promptly (and within the one business day or 45 business day time limits) notify the consumer of the correction and, if applicable, provide notice that a provisional credit has been made final (205.11(e)(2))		
6.		e institution determines that no error has occurred, have procedures been blished to:		
	•	Promptly (and within three business days of concluding the investigation, but no later than ten business days from the error notification if the institution is proceeding under the alternative) provide a written explanation of its findings and include the notice of the consumer's right to request the documents upon which the institution relied in making its determination (205.11(f)(1))		
	•	Upon debiting a provisionally credited amount, notify the consumer of the date and amount of the debit and the fact that the institution will continue to honor checks and drafts to third parties and preauthorized transfers for five business days to the extent that they would have been paid if the provisionally recredited funds had not been debited (205.11(f)(2)(i) and (ii))		
	•	Assure that the institution, in fact, honors checks or drafts to third parties or preauthorized transfers for five business days after transmittal of the notice and		
	•	Provide copies of documents, upon request, as required by Section 205.11(f)(3)		
<u>Adm</u>	inistrati	ive Enforcement (205.13)		
1.		the institution preserved evidence of compliance with the requirements of EFTA for a two-year period or longer, if required (205.13(c))		
Com	pulsory	Use of Electronic Fund Transfers		
1.		s the institution refrain from conditioning an extension of credit to a umer on repayment by preauthorized EFTs? (913(1))		
2.	with	s the institution refrain from requiring a consumer to establish an account a particular institution for receipt of EFTs as a condition of employment ceipt of a government benefit? (913(2))		
<u>Inter</u>	nal Cor	ntrol Procedures		
1.	loss, trans	s the institution have adequate procedures to insure that notification of theft, or unauthorized use promptly results in halting unauthorized afters from a consumer's account, and recrediting amounts when opriate?		

Electronic Fund Transfers (continued)		YES	NO
2.	Do the institution's procedures indicate a willingness to resolve consumer complaints regarding EFT matters?		
3.	Does a review of statements indicate that transaction identifications are in compliance with Regulation E?		
4.	Do automated teller and point-of-sale transfer receipts provide a clear description of the transaction that is in compliance with Regulation E?		
5.	Is the institution's advertising of EFT services free of ambiguous and deceptive statements?		
6.	Is the consumer's responsibility with regard to personal access codes explained?		
7.	Does a review of merchant agreements and internal controls indicate that consumers are treated consistently with what has been disclosed to them (transaction limitations, costs, documentation, identification, etc.)?		
8.	Does the institution maintain any log or tracking sheet for error resolution?		
9.	Are personnel able to distinguish between the applicability of Regulation E and Z as part of the issuance of debit and credit cards, error resolution procedures and consumer liability?		